

Tax Reckoner 2014-15

The rates are applicable for the financial year 2014-15.

Tax Implications on Dividend received by Unit holders from a Mutual Fund

	Individual/ HUF	Domestic Company	NRI
Dividend			
All schemes	Tax Free		
Tax on distributed income (payable by the scheme) rates**			
Equity oriented schemes*	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other than equity oriented schemes	25% + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	30% + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	25% + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	= 28.325%	= 33.99%	= 28.325%

* Securities transaction tax (STT) will be deducted on equity oriented scheme at the time of redemption/ switch to the other schemes/ sale of units. Mutual Fund would also pay securities transaction tax wherever applicable on the securities sold.

** As per the Finance Act, 2014 for the purpose of determining the tax payable, the amount of distributed income be increased to such amount as would, after reduction of tax from such increased amount, be equal to the income distributed by the Mutual Fund. This provision is effective from 1 October 2014 and the impact of the same has not been reflected above.

Capital Gains Taxation

	Individual/ HUF §	Domestic Company @	NRI §/#
Long Term Capital Gains##			
Equity oriented schemes	Nil	Nil	Nil
Applicability on or before 10th July, 2014			
Other than equity oriented schemes (Listed)	10% without indexation or 20% with indexation whichever is lower + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	10% without indexation or 20% with indexation whichever is lower + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	10% without indexation or 20% with indexation whichever is lower + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	Without Indexation = 11.33%	Without Indexation = 10.815% or 11.33%	Without Indexation = 11.33%
	With Indexation = 22.66%	With Indexation = 21.63% or 22.66%	With Indexation = 22.66%
Applicability on or before 10th July, 2014			
Other than equity oriented schemes (Unlisted)	10% without indexation or 20% with indexation whichever is lower + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	10% without indexation or 20% with indexation whichever is lower + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	10% without indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	Without Indexation = 11.33%	Without Indexation = 10.815% or 11.33%	Without Indexation = 11.33%
	With Indexation = 22.66%	With Indexation = 21.63% or 22.66%	With Indexation = Not Applicable
Applicability from 11th July, 2014			
Other than equity oriented schemes Listed	20% with indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	20% with indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	20% with indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	= 22.66%	= 21.63% or 22.66%	= 22.66%
Other than equity oriented schemes Unlisted	20% with indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	20% with indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	10% without indexation + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	= 22.66%	= 21.63% or 22.66%	= 11.33%
Short Term Capital Gains###			
Equity oriented schemes	15%+ 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	15% + Surcharge as applicable + 3% Cess	15% + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	= 16.995%	= 16.223% or 16.995%	= 16.995%
Other than equity oriented schemes	30%^ + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess	30% + Surcharge as applicable + 3% Cess	30%^ + 10% Surcharge + 3% Cess
	= 33.99%	= 32.445% or 33.99%	= 33.99%

Tax Deducted at Source (Applicable only to NRI Investors)

	Short term capital gains	Long term capital gains
Equity oriented schemes	16.995%	Nil
Other than equity oriented schemes (Listed)	33.99%^	22.66%
Other than equity oriented schemes (Unlisted)	33.99%^	11.33%

\$ - Surcharge at the rate of 10% is levied in case of individual/ HUF unit holders where their income exceeds Rs 1 crore.

@ - Surcharge at the rate of 5% is levied for domestic corporate unit holders where the income exceeds Rs 1 crore but less than Rs 10 crores and at the rate of 10%, where income exceeds Rs 10 crores.

- Short term/ long term capital gain tax will be deducted at the time of redemption of units in case of NRI investors only.

##- For units sold on or before 10th July 2014 – Period of holding more than 12 months; and

For units sold from 11th July 2014 – Period of holding for units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes more than 12 months and in case of other units more than 36 months

###- For units sold on or before 10th July 2014 – Period of holding less than or equal to 12 months; and

For units sold from 11th July 2014 – Period of holding for units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes less than or equal to 12 months and in case of other units less than or equal to 36 months

^ - Assuming the investor falls into highest tax bracket.

Education Cess at the rate 3% will continue to apply on tax plus surcharge

Dividend Stripping: The loss due to sale of units in the schemes (where dividend is tax free) will not be available for setoff to the extent of the tax free dividend declared; if units are: (A) bought within three months prior to the record date fixed for dividend declaration; and (B) sold within nine months after the record date fixed for dividend declaration.

Bonus Stripping: The loss due to sale of original units in the schemes, where bonus units are issued, will not be available for set off; if original units are: (A) bought within three months prior to the record date fixed for allotment of bonus units; and (B) sold within nine months after the record date fixed for allotment of bonus units. However, the amount of loss so ignored shall be deemed to be the cost of purchase or acquisition of such unsold bonus units.

1. Income Tax Rates

For Individuals, Hindu Undivided Family, Association of Persons, Body of Individuals and Artificial Juridical Persons

Total Income	Tax Rates
Up to Rs. 250,000 (a) (b)	NIL
Rs. 250,001 to Rs. 500,000(c) (d)	10%
Rs. 500,001 to Rs. 1,000,000(d)	20%
Rs. 1,000,001 and above(d) (e)	30%

- (a) In the case of a resident individual of the age of 60 years or above but below 80 years, the basic exemption limit is Rs 300,000.
 (b) In case of a resident individual of age of 80 years or above, the basic exemption limit is Rs 500,000.
 (c) A rebate of Rs.2,000 for individual having total Income upto Rs. 5 lakhs
 (d) Education cess is applicable @ 3% on income tax plus surcharge
 (e) Surcharge @ 10% is applicable on income exceeding Rs 1 crore; Marginal relief for such person is available

2. Securities Transaction Tax (STT)

STT is levied on the value of taxable securities transactions as under.

Transaction	Rates	Payable by
Purchase/ Sale of equity shares	0.1%	Purchaser/ Seller
Purchase of units of equity oriented mutual fund (delivery based) on recognized stock exchange	Nil	Purchaser
Sale of units of equity oriented mutual fund (delivery based) on recognized stock exchange	0.001%	Seller
Sale of equity shares, units of equity oriented mutual fund (non-delivery based)	0.025%	Seller
Sale of an option in securities	0.017%	Seller
Sale of an option in securities, where option is exercised	0.125%	Purchaser
Sale of a futures in securities	0.010%	Seller
Sale of units of an equity oriented fund to the Mutual Fund	0.001%	Seller

3. Special rates for non-residents

- (1) The following incomes in the case of non-resident are taxed at special rates on gross basis:

Transaction	Rates(a)
Dividend (b)	20%
Interest received on loans given in foreign currency to Indian concern or Government of India.	20%
Income received in respect of units purchased in foreign currency of specified Mutual Funds / UTI	20%
Royalty or fees for technical services	25%
Interest income from a notified infrastructure debt fund	5%
Interest on FCCB, FCEB / Dividend on GDRs(b)	10%

- (a) These rates will further increase by applicable surcharge and education cess.
 (b) Other than dividends on which DDT has been paid.
 (c) In case the non-resident has a Permanent Establishment (PE) in India and the royalty/ fees for technical services paid is effectively connected with such PE, the same could be taxed at 40% (plus applicable surcharge and education cess) on net basis.

- (2) Tax on non-resident sportsmen or sports association on specified income @ 20% plus applicable surcharge and education cess.

4. Capital Gains

Transaction	Short-term capital gains(a)	Long-term capital gains(a)(b)
Sale transactions of equity shares and unit of an equity oriented fund both of which attract STT	15%	Nil
Sale transaction other than mentioned above:		
Individuals (resident and non-residents)	Progressive slab rates	20% / 10%
Partnerships (resident and non-residents)	30%	
Resident companies	30%	
Overseas financial organizations specified in section115AB	40% (corporate) 30% (non corporate)	10%
FII's	30%	10%
Other Foreign companies	40%	20% / 10%
Local authority	30%	20% / 10%
Co-operative society rates	Progressive slab	

- (a) These rates will further increase by applicable surcharge & education cess.
 (b) Indexation benefit, as applicable.
 (c) Foreign currency conversion benefit, as applicable

Personal Tax Scenarios (Amount in Rupees)

Individual	Income Level		
	500,000	5,000,000	11,000,000
Tax in FY 2013-14	30,900	1,369,900	3,546,290
Tax in FY 2014-15	25,750	1,364,750	3,540,625
Effective Tax Savings	5,150	5,150	5,665
Effective Tax Savings	16.67%	0.38%	0.16%
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA

Resident senior citizen (age of 60 years but below 80 years)	Income Level		
	500,000	5,000,000	11,000,000
Tax in FY 2013-14	25,750	1,364,750	3,540,625
Tax in FY 2014-15	20,600	1,359,600	3,534,960
Effective Tax Savings	5,150	5,150	5,665
Effective Tax Savings	20%	0.38%	0.16%
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA

Resident very senior citizen at the age of 80 years and above	Income Level		
	500,000	5,000,000	11,000,000
Tax in FY 2013-14	Nil	1,339,000	3,512,300
Tax in FY 2014-15	Nil	1,339,000	3,512,300
Effective Tax Savings	NA	NA	NA
Effective Tax Savings	NA	NA	NA
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA
Additional Tax Burden	NA	NA	NA

Marginal relief as applicable would be available

Notes:

1) *The tax rates mentioned above are those provided in the Income tax Act, 1961 and amended as per Finance Act, 2014, applicable for the financial year 2014-15 relevant to assessment year 2015-16. In the event of any change, we do not assume any responsibility to update the tax rates consequent to such changes. The tax rates mentioned above may not be exhaustive rates applicable to all types of assesses /taxpayers.*

2) *The tax rates mentioned above are only intended to provide general information and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. Applicability of the tax rates would depend upon nature of the transaction, the tax consequences thereon and the tax laws in force at the relevant point in time. Therefore, users are advised that before making any decision or taking any action that might affect their finances or business, they should take professional advice.*

3) *A non-resident tax payer has an option to be governed by the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961 or the provisions of the relevant DTAA, whichever is more beneficial. As per the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961, submission of tax residency certificate ("TRC") along with Form No. 10F will be necessary for granting DTAA benefits to non-residents. A taxpayer claiming DTAA benefit shall furnish a TRC of his residence obtained by him from the Government of that country or specified territory. Further, in addition to the TRC, the non-resident may be required to provide such other documents and information subsequently, as may be prescribed by the Indian Tax Authorities.*

MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET RISKS, READ ALL SCHEME RELATED DOCUMENTS CAREFULLY.